

## DEVELOPMENT AND RETENTION OF AUTISTIC STAFF IN HOSPITALITY

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## ABOUT:

## PROJECT RESULTS

The 'PERFORM' project is about educating Hospitality Managers and HR Experts in developing and supporting Autistic Staff in the EU Hospitality Sector. It also delivers an Innovative HR Platform, for performance appraisals and employee monitoring.

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Project Result 1: PERFORM HR Platform

2

Project Result 2: PERFORM Digital Toolkit

3

Project Result 3: VET Course for Hospitality
Managers and HR Experts





#### Module 3: Work Environment Management

#### **Module Aim**

In order to support the Development and Retention of Autistic Staff, Hospitality

Managers and HR Experts need to acquire the knowledge and skills that will enable them to appropriately evaluate and adapt the Work Environment. This module aims to do so.

#### **Learning Outcomes**

- To give the understanding the Definition of an Autism-friendly Work Environment
- The Development of Team Management Skills in inclusive workplace
- Provide Guidelines for assessing and adapting the Work Environment in an Autism-friendly context





#### Module 3: Module content

- 1. Defining an Autism Friendly Work Environment
- 2. Sensory Overload
  - Tactile
  - Auditory
  - Visual
- 3. Best Practices for Sensory Accomendation
- 4. Inclusive Management Skills
- **5. Building inclusive Teams**



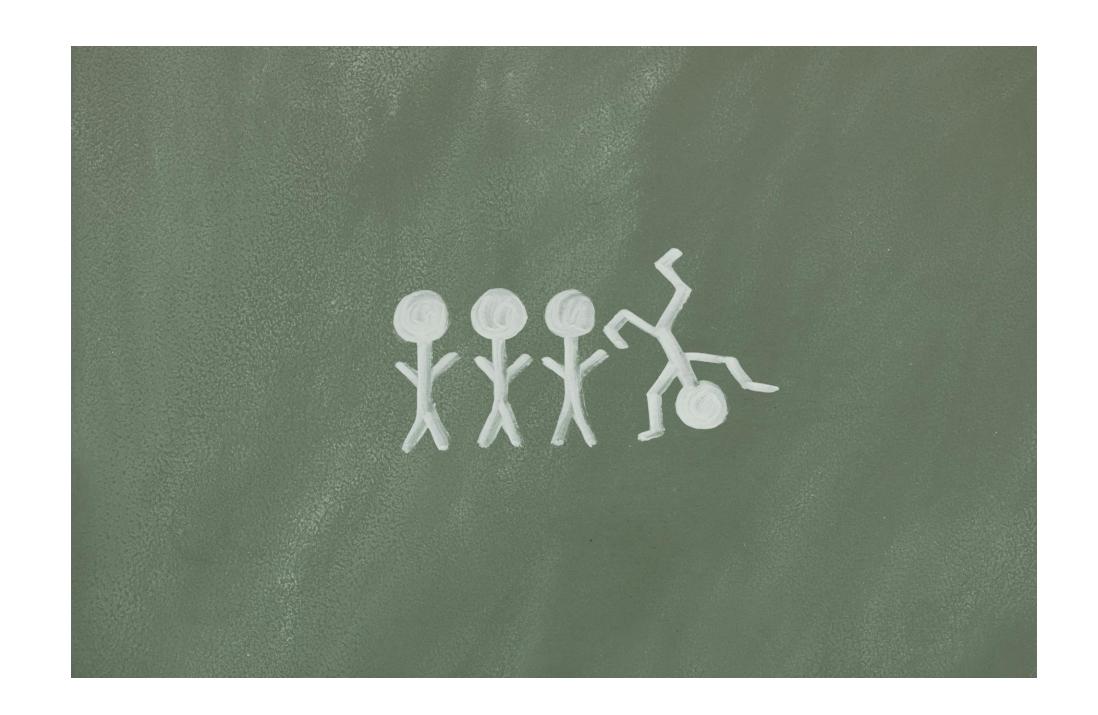


## 1. AN AUTISM FRIENDLY WORK ENVIRONMENT





What is an **autism friendly** work environment?







Physical environment

Social environment

Organizational culture







Sensory accommodations

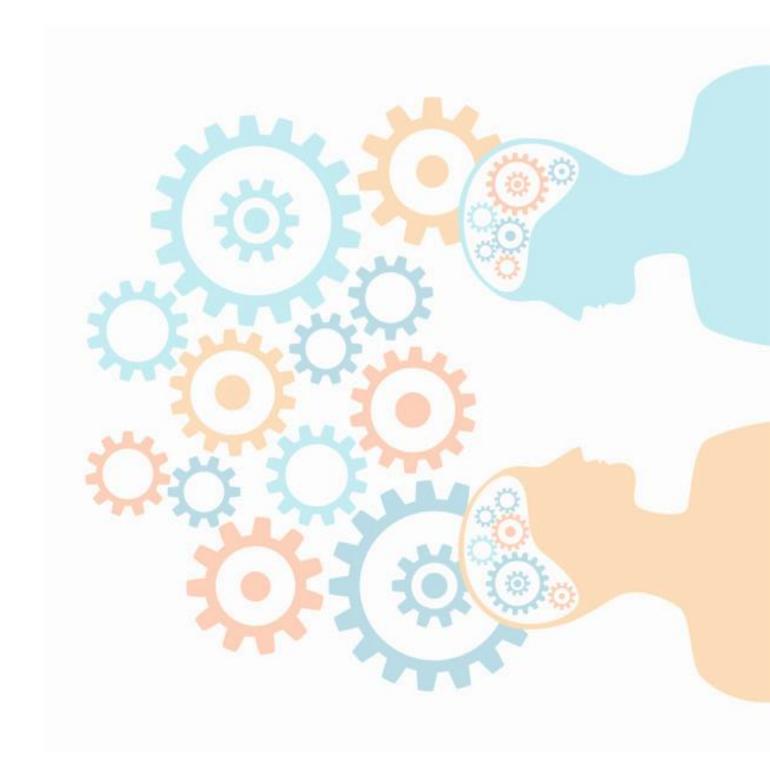
Clear communication

Flexibility

Routine

Inclusive culture

Supportive management







What can the work environment **feel** like for an individual with autism?







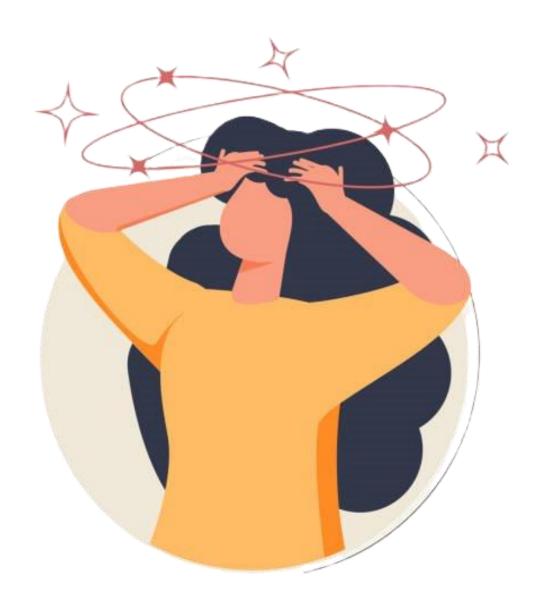
## 2. SENSORY OVERLOAD





### TACTILE ISSUES

- avoids or is bothered by light touch;
- bothered by certain fabrics, textures or clothes;
- bothered by tags on clothing;
- has an aversion to normal skin-contact interactions, handshakes for example;
- gets very upset by minor bruises;
- is resistant on wearing protective clothing or using safety aids etc.







## VISUAL DISTRACTIONS

- bothered by bright or fluorescent lights;
- bothered by patterns;
- trouble reading high-contrast materials (such as black on white);
- squint, blink, or rub their eyes frequently.







## AUDIAL DISTRACTIONS

#### **Hypo-responsive (under-responsive)**

- seeks out noisy situations or specific noises;
- makes noise to themselves or make noise "for noise's sake";
- do not respond to verbal cues (even when called by name);
- likes excessively loud music;
- seems oblivious to certain sounds;
- do not understand or remember things said to them







## AUDIAL DISTRACTIONS

#### **Hyper-responsive (over-responsive):**

- is easily distracted by noise;
- makes their own noise to drown out other sounds;
- dislikes noisy appliances (printers, air conditioners, ventilators, chatting) etc;
- notices background noises others don't seem to hear;
- frequently asks people to be quiet—to stop talking or singing.







# 3. BEST PRACTICES FOR SENSORY ADJUSTMENTS





#### Sound (Auditory)

- Offer noise-cancelling
   headphones or earplugs
- Assign quieter tasks or zones when possible
- Minimize background noise in staff areas
- Provide written instructions to supplement verbal ones

#### Light (Visual)

- Use soft, adjustable
   lighting (avoid fluorescent
   lights)
- Install blinds or allow sunglasses/caps
- Reduce visual clutter in shared spaces
- Provide clear, simple signage

#### Touch (Tactile)

- Allow alternative uniform fabrics
- Respect personal space and physical contact preferences
- Provide fidget tools or sensory items if helpful
- Offer quiet break areas for regulation





## 4. INCLUSIVE MANAGEMENT SKILLS





### SUPPORTING AUTISTIC EMPLOYEES THROUGH INCLUSIVE LEADERSHIP

Provide extra structure

Adapt communication styles

Rethink feedback

Assign based on strengths

Respect emotional expression

Reframe social participation

Avoid assumptions

Promote autonomy

Train managers and teams





## 5. TEAM MANAGEMENT & BUILDING INCLUSIVE TEAMS





What makes a team inclusive for autistic people?

What makes a team exclusive for autistic people?



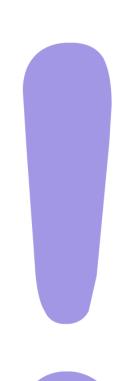


## BULLYING AND ISOLATION





## TRAINING FOR INCLUSION: WHY IT WORKS



Inclusion is not just policy—it's mindset and behavior.

Education helps coworkers understand autism and avoid misunderstandings.

It reduces stigma and builds empathy toward different behaviors.







## TEAM BUILDING ACTIVITIES

Avoid or make alternatives to activities that are...

- Loud, high-sensory environments (e.g. crowded parties, bars, or noisy venues)
- X Unstructured social events
- Mandatory participation in group games involving touch, improvisation, or fast-paced talkin
- Activities focused on small talk or networking (e.g. speed networking or "get to know you" mingling)
- Alcohol-centered events (e.g. pub crawls or cocktail hours)







## TEAM BUILDING ACTIVITIES

Instead, offer structured, calm, and optional alternatives like...

- Icebreaker activities
- Collaborative problem-solving activities
- Group brainstorming sessions
- Team-building games

Social events or parties can involve e.g. escape rooms, alcohol free lunches, interest-based workshops, quiet areas





### 10 STEPS TO MANAGE AN INCLUSIVE TEAM

- Leducate the team about autism regularly
- 1. Set clear communication guidelines (avoid sarcasm, use written follow-up)
- Lestablish consistent expectations and routines
- Foster a culture of mutual respect and curiosity
- i. Provide structured, low-pressure social interaction

- I. Train managers in inclusive leadership
- techniques
- l. Encourage open, non-judgmental
- communication
- 1. Be flexible in how work gets done
- 1. Evaluate and adjust practices regularly
- 1. Partner with autism organizations for support
- and guidance





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### THANK YOU



