

DEVELOPMENT AND RETENTION OF AUTISTIC STAFF IN HOSPITALITY

Project Number 2023-1-IT01-KA220-VET-000152721



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ABOUT:

The 'PERFORM' project is about educating Hospitality Managers and HR Experts in developing and supporting Autistic Staff in the EU Hospitality Sector. It also delivers an Innovative HR Platform, for performance appraisals and employee monitoring.

PROJECT RESULTS

Project Result 1: PERFORM HR Platform

Project Result 2: PERFORM Digital Toolkit

Project Result 3: VET Course for Hospitality

Managers and HR Experts





Module 1: Autism in the European Hospitality Sector and Social Policies

Module Aim

Module 1 aims to introduce learners to Social Policies and their impact on the EU Hospitality Sector, provide general information about autism, and explain how autistic staff can be included in such organisations.

Learning Outcomes

- Introduce learners to the concept of Social Responsibility Policies and its impact and value in the Hospitality sector
- Understand the concept of Inclusive Employment and its primary definition
- Understand the definition of the Autism
 Spectrum and its general characteristics,
 focusing on the value, advantages and
 challenges of employing





Background

Global Context

People with disabilities represent approximately 15% of the global population, with 785-975 million being of working age. Fewer than 10% of individuals on the autism spectrum are in paid employment, compared to 45% of people with other disabilities.

Neurodiversity

"Neurodivergent" describes individuals whose selective neurocognitive functions fall outside prevalent societal norms. Autism spectrum disorder (ASD) affects approximately one in 100 children worldwide.

Employment Barriers

Autistic individuals frequently encounter barriers due to systemic and social factors. Challenges related to communication, sensory processing, and social expectations can make traditional hiring and work environments inaccessible.





The Value of Neurodiversity in Hospitality

Business Benefits

In tourism and hospitality—sectors that thrive on diversity, personalisation, and human connection—embracing neurodiversity is not only ethical but practical. With proper support, autistic professionals bring strong assets such as attention to detail, reliability, creative problem-solving, and customer care consistency.

Societal Impact

Employing autistic individuals benefits broader society by promoting independence, enhancing well-being, and enabling individuals to contribute economically and socially, including through taxation and civic participation.

Strategic Advantage

Inclusive employment should not be viewed solely as an act of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) but as an investment in talent and innovation, building genuinely diverse and highperforming teams.





Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR): Core Concepts



Corporate Social Responsibility represents a company's commitment to operating in ways that enhance societal well-being while minimising negative impacts on people and the planet.

Today, businesses' role extends far beyond creating jobs and delivering goods and services—it includes responsibilities related to human rights, labour conditions, public health, and inclusive development.





Evolution of CSR Thinking

Early Foundations (1812)

Robert Owen introduced a socially conscious business model focused on community welfare.

Modern Framework (1960-1979)

Scholars like Keith Davis and Archie Carroll framed CSR as layered responsibilities: economic, legal, ethical, and philanthropic.

Strategic Integration (1990s-2000s)

Carroll's CSR Pyramid and Schwartz & Carroll's Three-Domain Model integrated ethical, legal, and economic imperatives.

Shared Value (2007-Present)

Porter and Kramer advocated pursuing shared value, aligning social progress with business success.







CSR and Sustainable Development



CSR is deeply integrated with sustainable development, as defined by the Brundtland Report: "meeting the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs." The United Nations' Agenda 2030 and its 17 Sustainable Development Goals provide a universal framework for businesses to contribute to social equity, environmental protection, and economic growth.





CSR Value in Tourism and Hospitality

Strategic Advantage

CSR has evolved from a moral imperative to a key factor in a firm's strategy and success, particularly relevant in tourism and hospitality where businesses operate at the intersection of service, culture, and community engagement.

Trust Building

CSR is vital in restoring consumer trust, especially in a post-crisis era when transparency and ethical conduct are in high demand. Today's travellers are more likely to choose businesses aligning with their values.

Long-term Vision

To create shared value, hospitality businesses must move beyond one-off social initiatives and embrace a long-term, strategic CSR vision that contributes meaningfully to social cohesion and inclusive economic growth.





CSR Impact in Tourism and Hospitality



Talent Attraction & Retention

Helps attract and retain skilled talent, boosting motivation and productivity within the organisation.



Stakeholder Engagement

Encourages the engagement of customers, partners, suppliers, and investors motivated by social causes.



Enhanced Resilience

Enables businesses to better manage risks and navigate crisis scenarios.



Competitive Advantage

Improves public image and reputation, creating new market opportunities through higher levels of trust.





International CSR Frameworks











When implementing CSR, organisations can rely on several international frameworks. The UN's 2030 Agenda sets 17 Sustainable Development Goals as a universal roadmap. The UN Global Compact focuses on human rights, labour standards, environmental protection, and anti-corruption. ISO 26000 outlines core areas of social responsibility, while the OECD Guidelines promote responsible business conduct.

Additional frameworks include B Corp Certification, SA8000 for workplace conditions, the EU's Eco-Management and Audit Scheme (EMAS), and the UNWTO Global Code of Ethics for Tourism.





The Agenda 2030 and Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Adopted by the United Nations in September 2015, the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development represents a crucial global framework guiding policies and actions towards a more sustainable future. Built on the three pillars of environmental, economic, and social sustainability, it emphasizes their interconnections, placing them on an equal footing (United Nations, n.d.).

The EU has actively contributed to defining the Agenda and remains fully committed to its implementation, embedding the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) within its policy framework and the European Commission's priorities (European Commission, n.d.). The Agenda's holistic and integrated approach is considered essential to addressing global challenges such as climate change, inequality, and social cohesion.

The SDGs are intrinsically linked to social sustainability. Goals such as poverty reduction (SDG 1), health and well-being (SDG 3), quality education (SDG 4), gender equality (SDG 5), and decent work (SDG 8) directly reflect social dimensions of sustainability. Consequently, the measurement of social impact has become a fundamental tool for aligning strategies of international organizations, governments, and enterprises with sustainable development objectives (McGuinn et al., 2020).







CSR Implementation Methodology

Stakeholder Engagement

Involve management and staff actively. Identify key stakeholders (employees, guests, suppliers, communities) and understand which social and environmental issues matter most to them through surveys and consultations.

Strategic Alignment

Align CSR efforts with the organisation's mission, vision, and values. Review existing initiatives to shape a practical CSR plan that supports business objectives while creating social value.

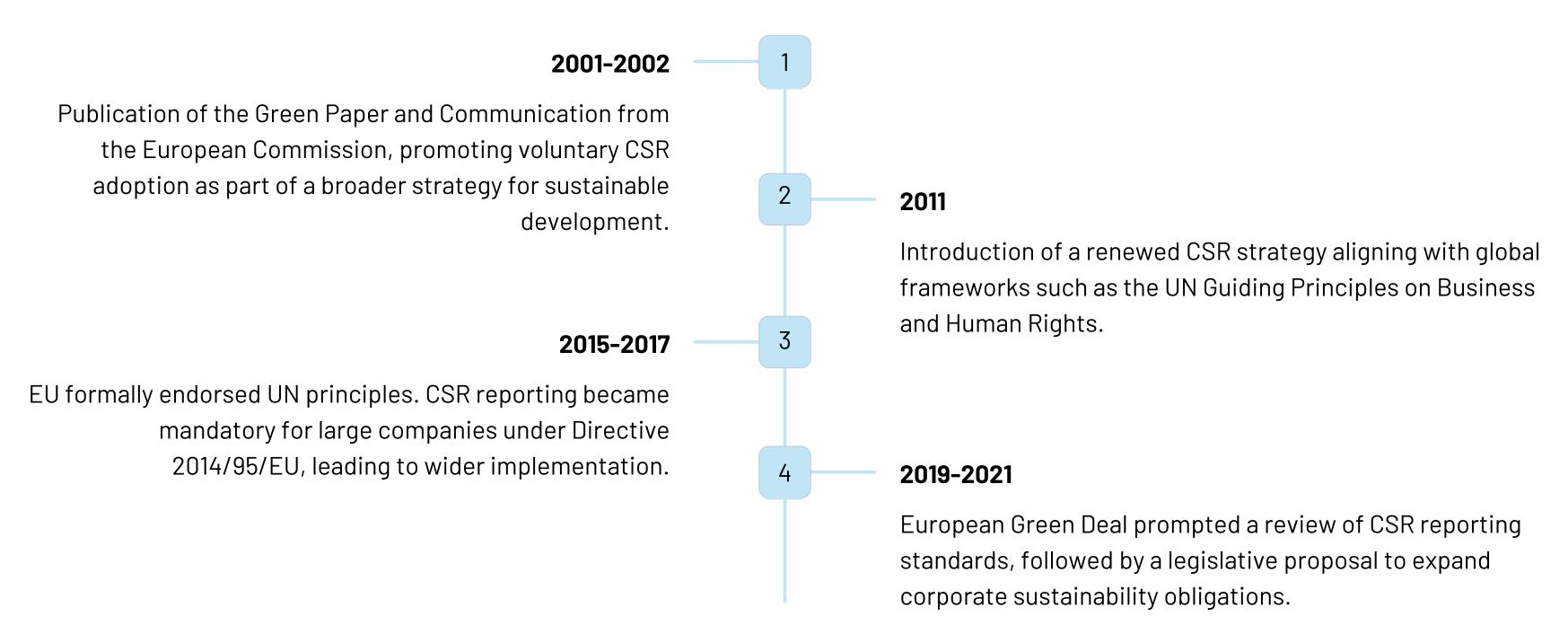
Implementation & Measurement

Share the strategy with stakeholders to ensure alignment and support. Implement gradually and review regularly using reliable indicators from frameworks like the Global Reporting Initiative to measure impact effectively.





EU CSR Policy Development





CSR Best Practices in EU Tourism and Hospitality sector

Example of CSR Initiatives in the European tourism and hospitality Industry

Company/ Organization	Country	CSR Initiative	Link
Accor	France / Global	"Planet 21" program promoting sustainable food, water/energy	https://group.accor.com/en/sustainabl
		efficiency, and local sourcing in hotels worldwide.	e-development/planet-21
Sodexo	France / Global	"Stop Hunger" global initiative fighting food insecurity through	https://www.sodexo.com/en/home/cor
		donations, volunteer work, and job training for vulnerable groups.	porate-responsibility.html
Meliá Hotels International	Spain	EarthCheck certification for environmental transparency, waste	https://www.meliahotelsinternational.c
		and energy monitoring, and sustainability staff training.	om/en/sustainability
Autogrill	Italy	Use of biodegradable materials, food waste monitoring, and	https://www.autogrill.com/en/sustaina
		sustainable sourcing in Italian rest stops.	bility
Elior Group	France / Global	Local supplier partnerships, healthy school meal programs, and	https://www.eliorgroup.com/sustainabil
		food education projects for children and families.	ity





CSR Best Practices in EU Tourism and Hospitality sector

Example of CSR Initiatives for Autism Inclusion in the EU tourism and hospitality Industry

Company/	Country	CSR Initiative Related to Autism	Link
Organization			
DeLuna Hotels	Spain	It has adapted its three hotels in Granada to be 'Autism	https://elpais.com/elviajero/escapadas
		Friendly', implementing specific training for staff, signage with	/espana/2025-05-05/deluna-hotels-
		pictograms, adapted rooms, personalised service and quiet	convierte-sus-tres-establecimientos-
		rest areas.	en-granada-en-espacios-amigables-
			con-el-autismo.html
Gloria Thalasso & Hotels	Spain	Certified as 'Autism Friendly', it offers quick check-in, adapted	https://www.gloriapalaceth.com/en/au
		menus with pictograms, trained staff, easy signage and visual	tism-friendly/
		guides to help guests with autism find their way around and	
		feel at ease.	
Ashling Hotel Dublin	Ireland	In collaboration with AsIAm, it has created sensory rooms	https://www.ashlinghotel.ie/csr
		designed to offer a calming and immersive environment,	
		enhancing the experience for guests with autism.	





CSR Best Practices in European Hospitality

Example of CSR Initiatives for Autism Inclusion in the European Hospitality Industry

Company/	Country	CSR Initiative Related to Autism	Link
Organization			
Slieve Russell Hotel	Ireland	It offers a sensory room with soft play toys, online check-in to	https://www.slieverussell.ie/autism-friendly/
		avoid queues, and sensory maps to help guests with autism plan	
		and enjoy their stay.	
Çırağan Palace	Turkey	In collaboration with the Tohum Autism Foundation, it has	https://www.kempinski.com/en/ciragan-
Kempinski Istanbul		equipped seven special education classrooms in Istanbul with	palace/press-room/7-special-education-
		appropriate materials for teaching children with autism,	<u>classrooms-are-opened</u>
		contributing to educational inclusion.	
Accor Hotels	France	He has developed inclusive recruitment processes for people with	https://group.accor.com/en/Actualites/2024/05/re
		disabilities, including individuals with autism, promoting	<u>cruitment-fostering-disability-inclusion</u>
		workplace inclusion in the hotel industry.	
PizzAut	Italy	Social enterprise and restaurant project employing and training	https://www.pizzaut.it
		young people with autism in the HORECA sector, promoting	
		autonomy, inclusion, and awareness.	



Inclusive Employment: Rights and Framework

UN Convention on Rights of Persons with Disabilities

Article 27 affirms the right of every person with a disability "to work, on an equal basis with others," in an inclusive and accessible labour market. This is not charity but a fundamental human right.

2030 Agenda

Inclusive employment directly advances the United Nations' 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, particularly SDG 8 ("Decent Work and Economic Growth") and SDG 10 ("Reduced Inequalities").

EU Directive 2000/78/EC

Requires all Member States to implement laws that protect people with disabilities in employment and professional training, including the obligation to provide reasonable accommodations.





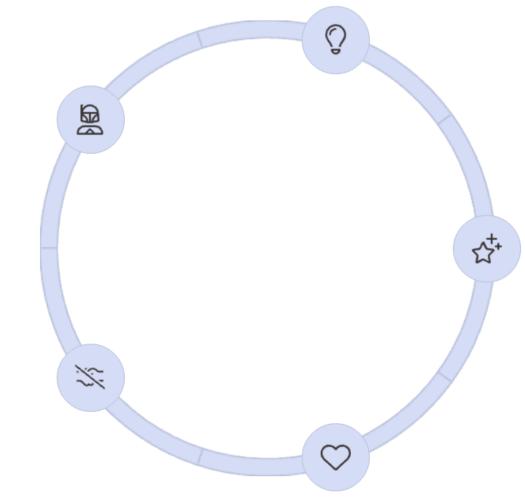
The Value of Inclusive Employment

Workforce Diversity

Enhances innovation, creativity, accessibility, and customer focus

Enhanced Reputation

Strengthens organisational image with customers and stakeholders



Better Decision Making

Diverse perspectives lead to more robust solutions

Talent Attraction

Companies embracing inclusion attract and retain top talent

Improved Morale

Non-disabled employees feel more connected to inclusive companies





Understanding Autism Spectrum Disorder

Definition

"A complex developmental condition involving persistent challenges with social communication, restricted interests and repetitive behaviour" (American Psychiatric Association, 2013).

Prevalence

The World Health Organization estimates that approximately one in 100 children worldwide has ASD. A systematic review of 66 population studies refined this to 0.77%, or roughly one child in 130.

Diagnostic Trends

The upward trend reported over recent decades is driven mainly by broader diagnostic criteria and increased societal awareness rather than a true increase in prevalence.





Key Characteristics of Autism

Spectrum of Abilities

Autistic people show a wide range of abilities and support needs: some live independently, while others need lifelong care. Autism can limit educational and job opportunities, so social attitudes and formal services strongly shape quality of life.

Early Signs and Diagnosis

Although signs may appear in early childhood, diagnosis is often delayed. Many autistic individuals experience additional conditions such as epilepsy, anxiety, depression, ADHD, sleep problems, or self-injury.

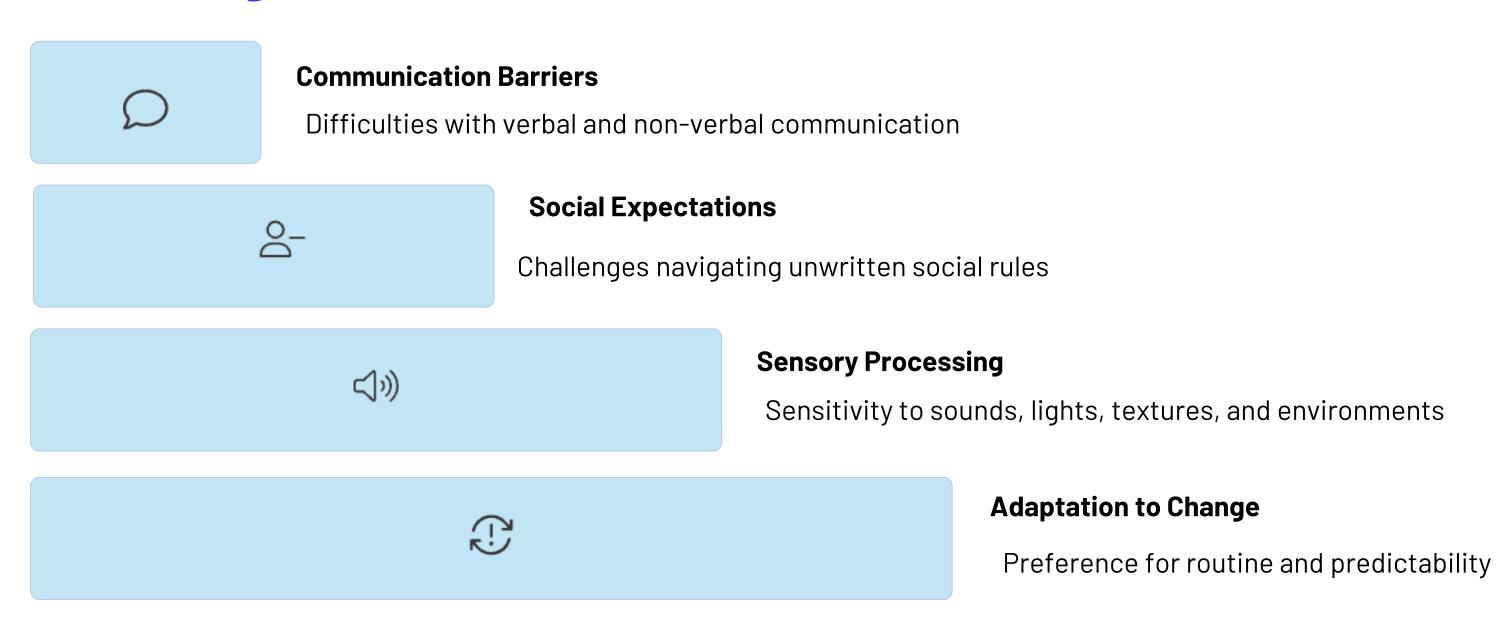
Intellectual Abilities

Intellectual abilities span from profound impairment to exceptionally high levels. With early, evidence-based support, communication, social skills and quality of life can greatly improve.





Challenges for Autistic Individuals



Insufficient provider knowledge and fragmented systems leave many without the care and protections to which they are entitled, leading to higher unmet health needs and vulnerability to chronic illness, violence and abuse.





Autism in the tourism and hospitality workplace

Research shows that when tasks and settings are well structured (clear role descriptions, reduced sensory load, and on-site job coaching), employment and retention rates are high.

Despite these good practices, autistic adults remain under-represented in the hospitality sector due to sensory overload, unpredictable shifts, and limited managerial training.

80%

Unemployment Rate

Estimated global unemployment rate for adults on the autism spectrum

28%

Revenue Increase

Average higher revenue for organisations employing neurodivergent personnel

37-46%

Overqualification

Percentage of autistic employees reporting they were overqualified for their roles





Strengths of Autistic Employees



Attention to Detail

Exceptional ability to notice patterns and inconsistencies that others might miss.



Reliability

Strong adherence to schedules and procedures, with high consistency in task performance.



Creative Problem-Solving

Unique perspectives that can lead to innovative solutions to workplace challenges.



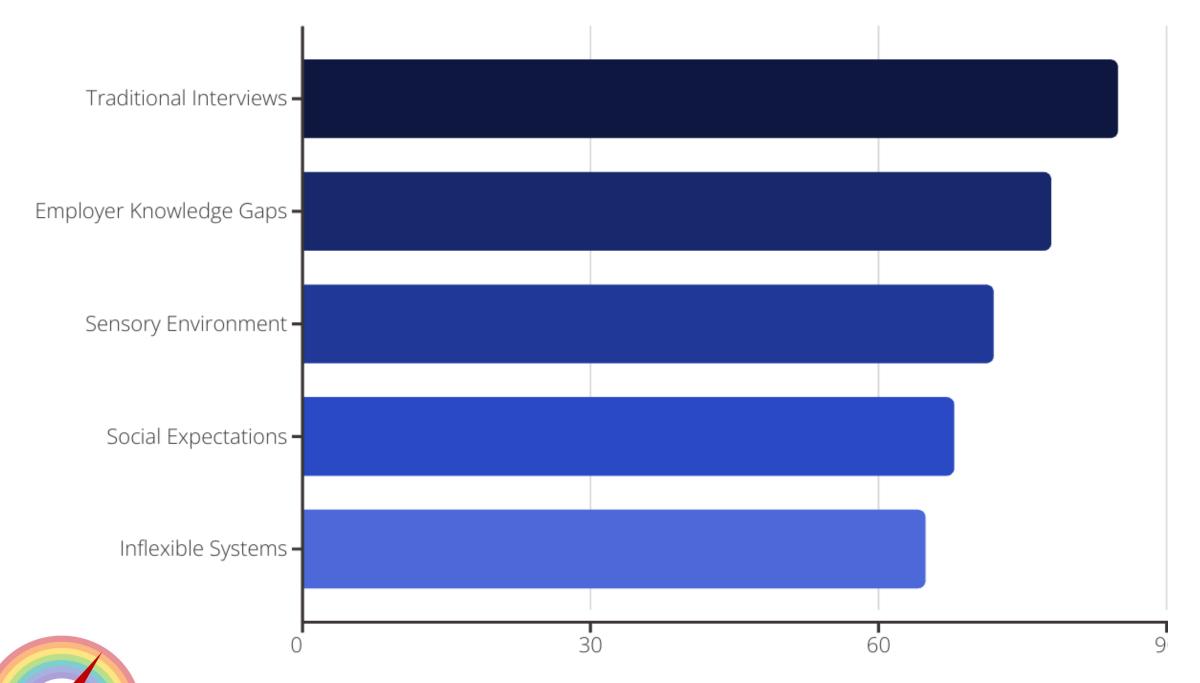
Ethical Advantage

More likely to speak up about workplace problems or unethical practices, helping organisations identify and address issues quickly.





Barriers to Employment for Autistic Individuals



Conventional HR practices—especially unstructured, face-to-face interviews—frequently penalise autistic applicants.

Experimental evidence shows that when recruiters view recorded interviews, autistic candidates who are just as qualified as neurotypical peers are rated markedly less hireable because of atypical eye contact, body language, and vocal inflection.



The Employment Cycle for Autistic Staff

2+

Recruitment

Adapted interview processes, clear job descriptions, skills-based assessment



Onboarding

Written schedules, trained supervisors, sensory-friendly workspaces



Development

Mentorship, coaching, clear advancement paths



Retention

Ongoing support, wellbeing focus, accommodations

During onboarding, a written day-by-day schedule, a trained supervisor and sensory-friendly workspaces cut firstattrition and speed skill week acquisition. A 12-month follow-up of adults in a autistic supportedemployment program found that all participants retained their jobs for the full year, indicating that structured routines, on-site coaching and low-cost environmental tweaks can secure longterm job stability.





Creating Supportive Work Environments

Physical Adaptations

Quiet spaces for breaks, reduced sensory stimulation in work areas, clear signage and visual supports, and consistent workspace organisation.

Communication Supports

Written instructions, visual schedules, direct and clear communication, regular check-ins, and structured feedback sessions.

Social Supports

Mentorship programs, clear social expectations, autism awareness training for all staff, and designated support contacts.

Workflow Adaptations

Clear routines, advance notice of changes, task breakdown, and strengths-based job matching.





Key Takeaways and Next Steps

- Strategic Value Inclusive employment of autistic individuals is not charity but a strategic business advantage that enhances innovation, customer service, and team performance.
- Tailored Approach
 Successful inclusion requires adapting recruitment, onboarding, and workplace practices to accommodate different communication styles and sensory needs.
- Ongoing Support

 Mentorship, clear communication, and structured environments are crucial for long-term retention and career development of autistic staff.
- CSR Integration

 Embedding autism inclusion within broader CSR frameworks creates sustainable, measurable impact that benefits businesses, individuals, and communities.







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